

13.3 inch E-paper Display Series

WAA1330A2BNC3NXXX000



Product Specifications

Customer	Standard
Description	13.3" E-PAPER DISPLAY
Model Name	WAA1330A2BNC3NXXX000
Date	2025/02/18
Revision	1.0

Design Engineering						
Approval Check Design						



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1. Over View

WAA1330A2BNC3NXXX000 is an Active Matrix Electrophoretic Display(AM EPD), with interface and a reference system design. The display is capable to display image at 1-bit white, black and red full display capabilities. The 13.3inch active area contains 960×680 pixels. The module is a TFT-array driving electrophoresis display, with integrated circuits including gate driver, source driver, MCU interface, timing controller, oscillator, DC-DC, SRAM, LUT, VCOM. Module can be used in portable electronic devices, such as Electronic Shelf Label (ESL) System.

2. Features

- ♦960×680 pixels display
- ◆High contrast High reflectance
- ◆Ultra wide viewing angle Ultra low power consumption
- ◆Pure reflective mode
- ◆Bi-stable display
- ◆Commercial temperature range
- ◆Landscape portrait modes
- ◆Hard-coat antiglare display surface
- ◆Ultra Low current deep sleep mode
- ◆On chip display RAM
- ◆Built-in temperatur sensor
- ◆Waveform can stored in On-chip OTP or written by MCU
- ◆Serial peripheral interface available
- ◆On-chip oscillator
- ◆On-chip booster and regulator control for generating VCOM, Gate and Source driving voltage
- ◆I²C signal master interface to read external temperature sensor



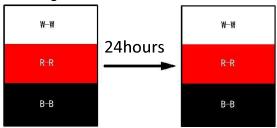
3. Mechanical Specification

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	Remark
Screen Size	13.3	Inch	
Display Resolution	960(H)×680(V)	Pixel	DPI:88
Active Area	275.52×195.16	mm	
Pixel Pitch	0.287×0.287	mm	
Pixel Configuration	Rectangle		
Outline Dimension	286.32(H)×212.26 (V) ×1.20(D)	mm	
Weight	106.7±0.5	g	

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Units	Notes
	Black State L* value		-	13	15		3-1
KS	Black State A* value		-	4	6		3-1
K3	Black Ghosting △E		_	2	-		3-1
	After 24 hour colour changed		-	2	-		3-4
	White State L* value		62	65	-		3-1
N/G	White State A* value		-	0	1		3-1
WS	White Ghosting ΔE		-	2	-		3-1
	After 24 hour colour changed		-	2	-		3-4
	Red State L* value		27	28	32		3-1
RS	Red State A* value		36	40	45		3-1
Ko	Red Ghosting △E			3	-	D	3-1
	After 24 hour colour changed		-	2	-		3-4
T update	Image update time	at 23 °C		17	- -	sec	
R	White Reflectivity	White	30	34	-	%	3-1
CR	Contrast Ratio	Indoor	15:1	20:1	_	·	3-1
							3-2
GN	2Grey Level	-	-	-	-		
Life		Temp:23 ± 3°C		5year			3 - 3
		Humidity:55 ± 10%RH		S			

Notes:

- 3-1. Luminance meter: Eye-One Pro Spectrophotometer.
- 3-2. CR=Surface Reflectance with all white pixel/Surface Reflectance with all black pixels.
- 3-3. When the product is stored. The display screen should be kept white and face up.
- 3-4. After 24hours Colour Changed:

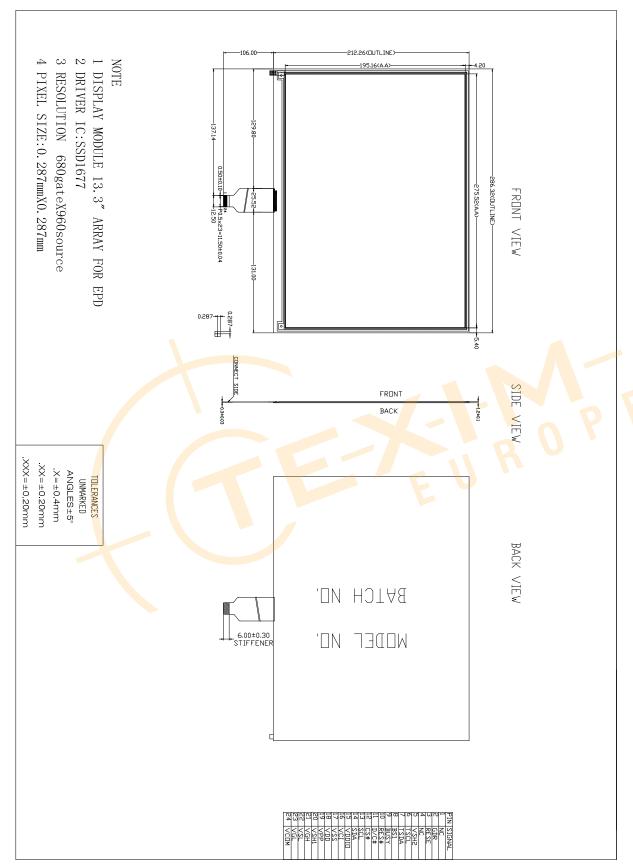


W: $Max\Delta E(W-W)<2$, K: $Max\Delta E(B-B)<2$, R: $Max\Delta E(Y-Y)<2$.

L: black and white luminance value, A: red luminance value, ΔE: color difference



4. Mechanical Drawing of EPD Module





5. Input/output Pin Assignment

No.	Name	I/O	Description	Remark
1	NC		Do not connect with other NC pins	Keep Open
2	GDR	О	N-Channel MOSFET Gate Drive Control	
3	RESE	Ι	Current Sense Input for the Control Loop	
4	NC	NC	Do not connect with other NC pins	Keep Open
5	VSH2	С	Positive Source driving voltage(Red)	
6	TSCL	О	I2C Interface to digital temperature sensor Clock pin	
7	TSDA	I/O	I2C Interface to digital temperature sensor Data pin	
8	BS1	Ι	Bus Interface selection pin	Note 5-5
9	BUSY	О	Busy state output pin	Note 5-4
10	RES#	I	Reset signal input. Active Low.	Note 5-3
11	D/C#	I	Data /Command control pin	Note 5-2
12	CS#	I	Chip select input pin	Note 5-1
13	SCL	Ι	Serial Clock pin (SPI)	PE
14	SDA	I/O	Serial Data pin (SPI)	
15	VDDIO	P	Power Supply for interface logic pins It should be connected with VCI	
16	VCI	P	Power Supply for the chip	
17	VSS	P	Ground	
18	VDD	С	Core logic power pin VDD can be regulated internally from VCI. A capacitor should be connected between VDD and VSS	
19	VPP	P	FOR TEST	Keep Open
20	VSH1	С	Positive Source driving voltage	
21	VGH	С	Power Supply pin for Positive Gate driving voltage and VSH1	
22	VSL	C	Negative Source driving voltage	
23	VGL	С	Power Supply pin for Negative Gate driving voltage VCOM and VSL	
24	VCOM	C	VCOM driving voltage	



I = Input Pin, O = Output Pin, I /O = Bi-directional Pin (Input/output), P = Power Pin, C = Capacitor Pin

Note 5-1: This pin (CS#) is the chip select input connecting to the MCU. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled LOW.

Note 5-2: This pin is (D/C#) Data/Command control pin connecting to the MCU in 4-wire SPI mode. When the pin is pulled HIGH, the data at SDA will be interpreted as data. When the pin is pulled LOW, the data at SDA will be interpreted as command.

Note 5-3: This pin (RES#) is reset signal input. The Reset is active low.

Note 5-4: This pin is Busy state output pin. When Busy is High, the operation of chip should not be interrupted, command should not be sent. The chip would put Busy pin High when -Outputting display waveform -Communicating with digital temperature sensor.

Note 5-5: Bus interface selection pin

BS1 State	MCU Interface
L	4-lines serial peripheral interface(SPI) - 8 bits SPI
Н	3- lines serial peripheral interface(SPI) - 9 bits SPI

6. Electrical Characteristics

6.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

Para <mark>m</mark> eter	S <mark>ym</mark> bol	Rating	Unit
Logic supply voltage	VCI	-0.5 to +4.0	V
Logic Input voltage	VIN	-0.5 to VCI +0.5	V
Logic Output voltage	VOUT	-0.5 to VCI +0.5	V
Operating Temp range	TOPR	0 to +40	°C.
Storage Temp range	TSTG	-25 to+70	°C.
Optimal Storage Temp	TSTGo	23±3	°C.
Optimal Storage Humidity	HSTGo	55±10	%RH

Note:

- 1. Maximum ratings are those values beyond which damages to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Panel DC Characteristics tables.
- 2. We guarantee the single pixel display quality for 0-35°C, but we only guarantee the barcode readable for 35-40°C.
- 3. The storage time is within 10 days for -25°C \sim 0°C or 40°C \sim 60°C. The display screen should be kept white and face up.

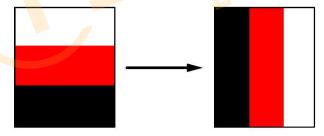


6.2 Panel DC Characteristics

The following specifications apply for: VSS=0V, VCI=3.0V, TOPR =23°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Applicab le pin	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Single ground	Vss	-		-	0	-	V
Logic supply voltage	Vci	-	VCI	2.2	3.0	3.3	V
Core logic voltage	V_{DD}		VDD	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
High level input voltage	$V_{\rm IH}$	-	-	0.8 Vci	•	-	V
Low level input voltage	VIL	-	-	-	-	0.2 Vci	V
High level output voltage	Vон	IOH = -100uA	-	0.9 Vci	-	-	V
Low level output voltage	Vol	IOL = 100uA	-	-	-	0.1 Vci	V
Typical power	$\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{TYP}}$	$V_{\rm CI} = 3.0 \text{V}$	-	-	75	-	mW
Deep sleep mode	PSTPY	$V_{\rm CI} = 3.0 \text{V}$	-	-	0.003	-	mW
Typical operating current	Iopr_VCI	V _{CI} =3.0V	-	-	25	-	mA
Image update time	-	23 ℃	-	-	22	-	sec
Typical peak current	Iopr_VCI	2.2V~3.7V			100	200	mA
Sleep mode current	Islp_Vcı	DC/DC off No clock No input load Ram data retain	-		20	-	uA
Deep sleep mode current	Idslp_Vci	DC/DC off No clock No input load Ram data not retain			3	5	uA

Notes: 1. The typical power is measured with following transition from horizontal 3 scale pattern to vertical 3 scale pattern.



- 2. The deep sleep power is the consumed power when the panel controller is in deep sleep mode.
- 3. The listed electrical/optical characteristics are only guaranteed under the controller & waveform provided by WINSTAR Display .
- 4. Electrical measurement: Tektronix oscilloscope MDO3024, Tektronix current probe-TCP0030A.



6.3 Panel DC Characteristics(Driver IC Internal Regulators)

The following specifications apply for: VSS=0V, VCI=3.0V, TOPR =23°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Applicable pin	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VCOM output voltage	VCOM	-	VCOM	•	TBD	-	V
Positive Source output voltage	Vsh	-	S0~S959	+14.8	+15	+15.2	V
Negative Source output voltage	Vsl	-	S0~S959	-15.2	-15	-14.8	V
Positive gate output voltage	Vgh	-	G0~G679	+19.5	+20	+20.5	V
Negative gate output voltage	Vgl	-	G0~G679	-20.5	-20	-19.5	V

Note: VGH,VGL,VSH,VSL drop voltage <2V.

6.4 MCU Interface

6.4.1 MCU Interface Selection

The pin assignment at different interface mode is summarized in Table 6-4-1. Different MCU mode can be set by hardware selection on BS1 pins. The display panel only supports 4-wire SPI or 3-wire SPI interface mode.

Pin Name	Data/Comm	and Interface Contro <mark>l Signal</mark>			ıl
Bus interface	SDA	SCL	CS#	D/C#	RES#
BS1=L 4-wire SPI	SDA	SCL	CS#	D/C#	RES#
BS1=H 3-wire SPI	SDA	SCL	CS#	L	RES#

6.4.2 MCU Serial Interface (4-wire SPI)

The serial interface consists of serial clock SCL, serial data SDA, D/C#, CS#. This interface supports Write mode and Read mode.

Function	CS#	D/C#	SCL
Write command	L	L	1
Write data	L	Н	↑

Note: ↑ stands for rising edge of signal

In the write mode SDA is shifted into an 8-bit shift register on every rising edge of SCL in the order of D7, D6, ... D0. The level of D/C# should be kept over the whole byte. The data byte in the shift register is written to the Graphic Display Data RAM /Data Byte register or command Byte register according to D/C# pin.



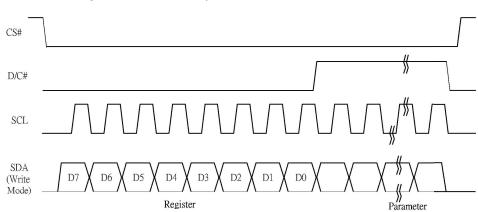


Figure 6-1: Write procedure in 4-wire SPI mode

In the Read mode:

- 1. After driving CS# to low, MCU need to define the register to be read.
- 2. SDA is shifted into an 8-bit shift register on every rising edge of SCL in the order of D7, D6, ... D0 with D/C# keep low.
- 3. After SCL change to low for the last bit of register, D/C# need to drive to high.
- 4. SDA is shifted out an 8-bit data on every falling edge of SCL in the order of D7, D6, ... D0.
- 5. Depending on register type, more than 1 byte can be read out. After all byte are read, CS# need to drive to high to stop the read operation.

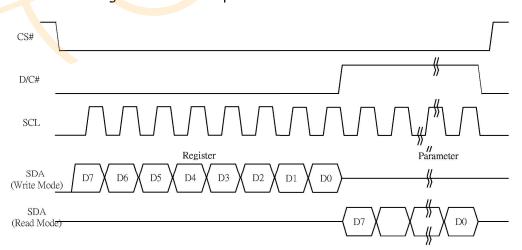


Figure 6-2: Read procedure in 4-wire SPI mode



6.4.3 MCU Serial Interface (3-wire SPI)

The 3-wire serial interface consists of serial clock SCL, serial data SDA and CS#. This interface also supports Write mode and Read mode.

The operation is similar to 4-wire serial interface while D/C# pin is not used. There are altogether 9-bits will be shifted into the shift register on every ninth clock in sequence: D/C# bit, D7 to D0 bit. The D/C# bit (first bit of the sequential data) will determine the following data byte in the shift register is written to the Display Data RAM (D/C# bit = 1) or the command register (D/C# bit = 0).

Function	CS#	D/C#	SCL
Write command	L	Tie	†
Write data	L	Tie	↑

Note: ↑ stands for rising edge of signal

SCL
SDA (Write Mode)

Register

Register

SCL
Parameter

Figure 6-3: Write procedure in 3-wire SPI mode

In the Read mode:

- 1. After driving CS# to low, MCU need to define the register to be read.
- 2. D/C=0 is shifted thru SDA with one rising edge of SCL
- 3. SDA is shifted into an 8-bit shift register on every rising edge of SCL in the order of D7, D6, ... D0.
- 4. D/C=1 is shifted thru SDA with one rising edge of SCL
- 5. SDA is shifted out an 8-bit data on every falling edge of SCL in the order of D7, D6, ... D0.
- 6. Depending on register type, more than 1 byte can be read out. After all byte are read, CS# need to drive to high to stop the read operation.

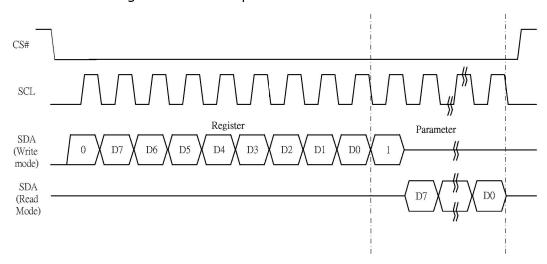
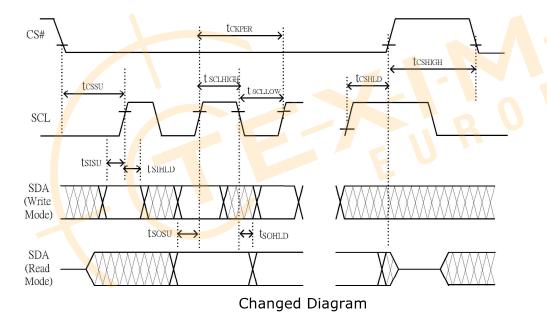


Figure 6-4: Read procedure in 3-wire SPI mode

6.4.4 Interface Timing

The following specifications apply for: VSS=0V, VCI=3.0V, TOPR =23°C.





Serial Interface Timing Characteristics

(VCI - VSS = 2.2V to 3.7V, TOPR = 23°C, CL=20pF)

Write mode

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
fSCL	SCL frequency (Write Mode)			20	MHz
tCSSU	Time CS# has to be low before the first rising edge of SCLK	60			ns
tCSHLD	Time CS# has to remain low after the last falling edge of SCLK	65			ns
tCSHIGH	Time CS# has to remain high between two transfers	100			ns
tSCLHIGH	Part of the clock period where SCL has to remain high	25			ns
tSCLLOW	Part of the clock period where SCL has to remain low	25			ns
tSISU	Time SI (SDA Write Mode) has to be stable before the next rising edge of SCL	10			ns
tSIHLD	Time SI (SDA Write Mode) has to remain stable after the rising edge of SCL	40			ns

Read mode

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
fSCL	SCL frequency (Read Mode)	2	9	2.5	MHz
tCSSU	Time CS# has to be low before the first rising edge of SCLK	100			ns
tCSHLD	Time CS# has to remain low after the last falling edge of SCLK	50			ns
tCSHIGH	Time CS# has to remain high between two transfers	250			ns
tSCLHIG H	Part of the clock period where SCL has to remain high	180			ns
tSCLLOW	Part of the clock period where SCL has to remain low	180			ns
tSOSU	Time SO(SDA Read Mode) will be stable before the next rising edge of SCL		50		ns
tSOHLD	Time SO (SDA Read Mode) will remain stable after the falling edge of SCL		0		ns



7.Command Table

R/W#	D/C#	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description		
0	0	01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Driver Output	Gate setting		
0	1		A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	control	Set A[9:0]=2A7h[POR] ,680MUX		
0	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	A9	A8		Set B[2:0]=000[POR]		
0	1		0	0	0	0	0	B2	В1	В0				
0	0	03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	Gate Driving	SetGate Driving voltage		
0	1		0	0	0	A4	A 3	A2	A1	A0	voltage control	A[4:0]=17h[POR],VGH at 20V[POR]		
0	0	04	0	0	0	0	0		0		Causaa Duivina	VGH setting from 12V to 20V		
	1	04	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	1 A2	A1	0 A0	Source Driving voltage control	SetSource Driving voltage A[7:0]= 41h[POR], VSH1 at 15V		
0	1		B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	l carried a carried	B[7:0]=A8h[POR],VSH2 at 5.0V		
0	1		C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0		C[7:0] = 32h[POR], VSL at -15V		
0	0	10	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	Deep Sleep	Deep Sleep mode Control		
0	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	A_1	A_0	mode	A[1:0]: Description		
0	1		U	"	0	"	0	"	Al	Au		00 Normal Mode [POR]		
												11 Enter Deep Sleep Mode		
												After this command initiated, the chip will		
												enter Deep Sleep Mode, BUSY pad will		
												keep output high.		
	0	1.1	0	0	0	1		0	0	1	Data Fatas	D.C. 14		
0	0	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	A_0	Data Entry mode setting	Define data entry sequence A [1:0] = ID[1:0]Address automatic		
0	1		0	"	0	0	U	A_2	A_1	A_0	mode setting	increment / decrement setting		
												The setting of incrementing or decrementing of the address counter can		
												be made independently in each upper and lower bit of the address.		
												00 –Y decrement, X decrement,		
												01 -Y decrement, X increment,		
												10 –Y increment, X decrement,		
												11 –Y increment, X increment [POR]		
												A[2] = AM Set the direction in which the address counter is updated automatically after data are written to the RAM. AM= 0, the address counter is updated in the X direction. [POR] AM = 1, the address counter is updated		
												the Y direction.		
0	0	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	SWRESET	It resets the commands and parameters to		
												their S/W Reset default values except R10h-Deep Sleep Mode During operation ,BUSY pad will output high.		
												Note: RAM are unaffected by this		
												command.		





0	0	18	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	Temperature	Temperature Sensor Selection
		10	-								Sensor Control	A[7:0] = 48h [POR], external temperature
0	1		A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0		sensor A[7:0] = 80h Internal temperature sensor
0	0	1 A	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	Temperature	Write to temperature register.
0	1		A11	A10	A9	A8	A7	A6	A5	A4	Sensor Control (Write to	A[11:0]=7FFh[POR]
0	1		A3	A2	A1	A0	0	0	0	0	temperature	
											register)	
0	0	20	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Master Activation	Activate Display Update Sequence The Display Update Sequence Option is located at R22h User should not interrupt this operation to avoid corruption of panel images.
0	0	21	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	Display Update	RAM content option for Display Update
0	1		A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	Control 1	A[7:0]=00h[POR] A[7:4] Red RAM option
												0000 Normal
												0100 Bypass RAM content as 0
												1000 Inverse RAM content
												A[3:0] BW RAM option
												0000 Normal
												0100 Bypass RAM content as 0
					\							1000 Inverse RAM content
0	0	22	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	Display Update Control 2	Display Update Sequence Option: Enable the stage for Master Activation
	1		A 7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0		Setting for LUT from MCU
												Enable Clock Signal,
												Then Enable Analog Then PATTERN DISPLAY C7
												Then Disable Analog
												Then Disable OSC
												Setting for LUT from OTP according to
	1											Then Enable Angles
												Then Enable Analog Then Load LUT 90
												7 7
												Enable Analog
												Then PATTERN DISPLAY Then Picable Angles
												Then Disable Analog Then Disable OSC
_	_	_	_	<u> </u>		_	_		_	_		
0	0	24	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	Write RAM (BW)	After this command, data entries will be written into the 1RAM until another
											(5 **)	command is written. Address pointers will
												advance accordingly.
												For Write pixel:
												Content of write RAM(BW)=1
												For Black pixel: Content of write RAM(BW)=0
			<u> </u>				L					Comem or wine Remitory 0



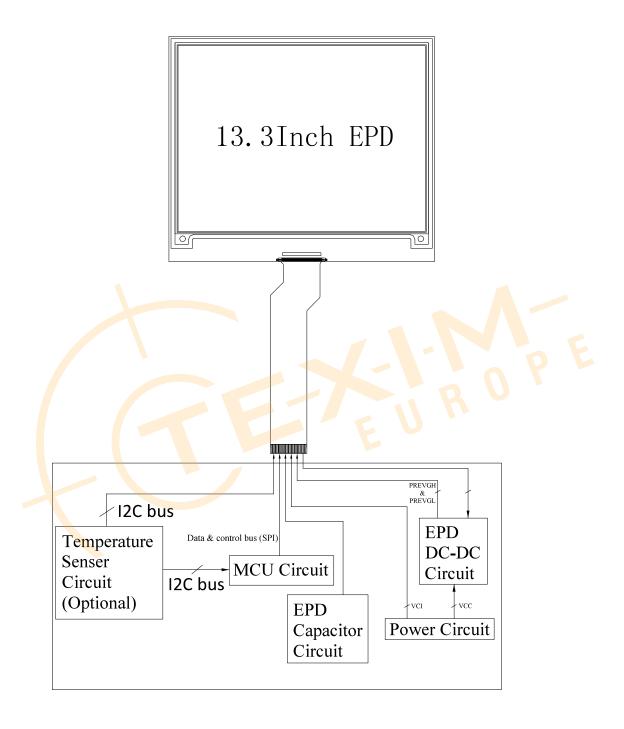
0	0	26	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	Write RAM (RED)	After this command, data entries will be written into the 2 RAM until another command is written. Address pointers will advance accordingly. For RED pixel: Content of write RAM(RED)=1 For White/Black pixel: Content of write RAM(RED)=0
0	0	2C	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	Write VCOM	Set A[7:0]=50h
0	1		A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	register	
0	0	2D	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	OTP Register	Read Register stored in OTP:
1	1		A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	Read	1. A[7:0]~ B[7:0]: VCOM Information 2. C[7:0]~G[7:0]:Display mode
1	1		В7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0		3. H[7:0]~K[7:0]: Waveform Version
1	1		C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0		[4bytes]
1	1		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
1	1		E7	E6	E5	E4	E3	E2	E1	E0		
1	1		F7	F6	F5	F4	F3	F2	F1	F0		
1	1		G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0		
1	1		H7	Н6	H5	H4	Н3	H2	H1	Н0		
1	1		I7	I6	I 5	I4	I3	I2	I1	10		
1	1		J7	J6	J5	J4	J3	J2	J1	J0		
1	1		K7	K6	K5	K4	K3	K2	K1	K0		
0	0	2F	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	Status Bit Read	Read IC status Bit [POR 0x21]
1	1		0	0	A5	A4	0	0	A1	A0		A[5]: HV Ready Detection flag [POR=1]
	*											0: Ready 1: Not Ready A[4]: VCI Detection flag [POR=0] 0: Normal 1: VCI lower than the Detect level A[3]: [POR=0] A[2]: Busy flag [POR=0] 0: Normal 1: BUSY A[1:0]: Chip ID [POR=01] Remark: A[5] and A[4] status are not valid after RESET, they need to be initiated by command 0x14 and command 0x15 respectively.
0	0	32	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	Write LUT	Write LUT register from MCU interface
0	1		A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	110	register	[105 bytes].
0	1		B7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0		
0	1		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
0	1		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
0	1		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		



Note	0	0	3A	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	Reserved	Reserved		
Name	0	0	3B	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	Reserved	Reserved		
Control A 7.6 Select VBD option A 7.6 Select VBD as O A A A A A A A A A	0	0	3C	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	Border	Select border waveform for VBD		
Control A[7:6] Select VBD option	0	1		A ₇	A_6	A5	A_4	0	0	A_1	A_0				
00				,								Control			
Define A[1:0]															
01 Fix Level Define A [5:4] 10 VCOM 11[POR] HIZ A [5:4] Fix Level Setting for VBD A[5:4] VBD level O0[POR] VSS O1 VSH1 10 VSH1 11 VSH2 A [1:0] BW Transition setting for VBD A[1:0] BW Transition O0[POR] LUT1 10 LUT2 LUT3 A [1:0] Set RAM X A [1:0]															
Define A [5:4] 10 VCOM 11[POR] HIZ A [5:4] Fix Level Setting for VBD A[5:4] VBD level 00[POR] VSS 01 VSH1 10 VSH1 10 VSH1 10 VSH2 A [1:0]) BW Transition setting for VBD A[1:0] VBD Transition setting for VBD A[1:0] VBD Transition VBD A[1															
10															
11 POR HIZ A A A A A A A A A															
A[5:4]															
0													A[5:4] VBD level		
10															
1															
A A A A A A A A A A															
A															
0															
0															
10															
1															
0 1 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0 address Start / End position window address in the X direction by an address unit A[9:0]: XSA[9:0], X Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: XSA[9:0], X Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: XEA[9:0], X End, POR = 3BFh 0 1 - - - - - B9 B8 0 0 45 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 <td></td> <td colspan="3"></td>															
0 1 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0 address Start / End position window address in the X direction by an address unit A[9:0]: XSA[9:0], X Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: XSA[9:0], X Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: XEA[9:0], X End, POR = 3BFh 0 1 - - - - - - B9 B8 0 0 45 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>44</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>Set RAM X -</td> <td>Specify the start/end positions of the</td>	0	0	44	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	Set RAM X -	Specify the start/end positions of the		
0 1 - - - - A ₉ A ₈ 0 1 B ₇ B ₆ B ₅ B ₄ B ₃ B ₂ B ₁ B ₀ 0 1 - - - - - - B ₉ B ₈ 0 0 45 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	0	1		A ₇	A	A 5	Α1	A 2	A2	A 1	An				
0 1 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 0 1 - - - - - - - B[9:0]: XEA[9:0], X End, POR = 3BFh 0 1 - - - - - - B9 B8 0 0 45 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 Set Ram Y-address Start / End position Start / End position Window address in the Y direction by an address unit A[9:0]: YSA[9:0], Y Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: YSA[9:0], Y End, POR = 2A7h B[9:0]: YEA[9:0], Y End, POR = 2A7h 0 1 -<					_	_	-					End position			
0 1 - - - - - B9 B8 0 0 45 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0							D	D	D						
0 0 45 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 Set Ram Y-address address Start / End position Specify the start/end positions of the window address in the Y direction by an address unit A[9:0]: YSA[9:0], Y Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: YSA[9:0], Y Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: YEA[9:0], Y End, POR = 2A7h 0 1 -				B 7		B 5	B 4	В3					B[9:0]: XEA[9:0], X End, POR = 3BFh		
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0 1	0	0	45	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1				
0 1 - - - - - - Ag A8 Position A[9:0]: YSA[9:0], Y Start, POR = 000h B[9:0]: YEA[9:0], Y End, POR = 2A7h 0 1 -	0	1		A ₇	A_6	A_5	A_4	A ₃	A_2	A_1	A_0				
0 1 B ₇ B ₆ B ₅ B ₄ B ₃ B ₂ B ₁ B ₀ B[9:0]: YEA[9:0], Y End, POR = 2A7h 0 1 - - - - - B[9:0]: YEA[9:0], Y End, POR = 2A7h 0 0 4E 0 1 0 0 1 1 0	0	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	A ₉	A ₈				
0 1 - - - - - - B9 B8 0 0 4E 0 1 0 0 1 1 0	0	1		B ₇	\mathbf{B}_{6}	B_5	B ₄	\mathbf{B}_3	B_2	\mathbf{B}_1	B_0	position			
0 0 4E 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 Set RAM X address counter Make initial settings for the RAM X address in the address counter (AC) A[9:0]: 000h[POR] 0 1 - - - - - - Ag Ag Make initial settings for the RAM X address in the address counter (AC) A[9:0]: 000h[POR] 0	0	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	B ₉	B ₈				
0 1 A ₉ A ₈ 0 0 4F 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 Set RAM Y Make initial settings for the RAM Y	0	0	4E	0	1	0	0	1	1	1		Set RAM X	Make initial settings for the RAM X		
0 1 - - - - - - A ₉ A ₈ 0 0 4F 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 Set RAM Y Make initial settings for the RAM Y	0	1		A ₇	A ₆	A ₅	A_4	A ₃	A_2	\mathbf{A}_1	A_0	address counter			
	0	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	A ₉	A ₈		A[9:0]: 000n[POR]		
		0	4F	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	Set RAM Y	Make initial settings for the RAM Y		
				-		-						address counter	address in the address counter (AC)		
0 1 A ₉ A ₈ A ₈ A[9:0]: 000h[POR]				-	_	-		-	-		<u> </u>		A[9:0]: 000h[POR]		
0 1 A ₇ A ₆ A ₅ A ₄ A ₃ A ₂ A ₁ A ₀	0	1		A ₇	A_6	A ₅	A_4	A ₃	A_2	A_1	A_0	1			

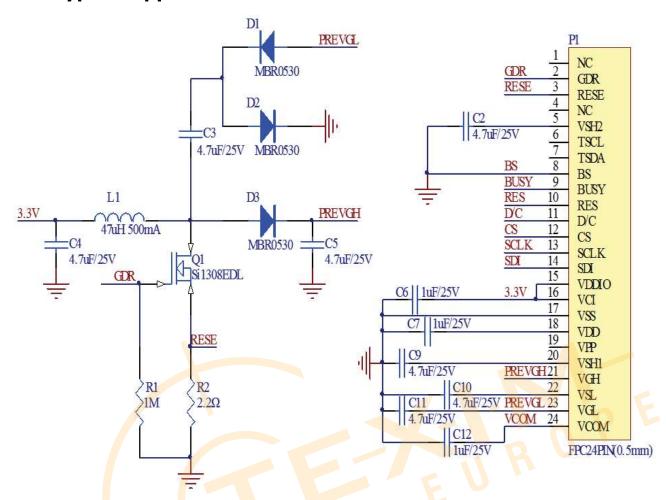


8. Block Diagram





9. Typical Application Circuit with SPI Interface

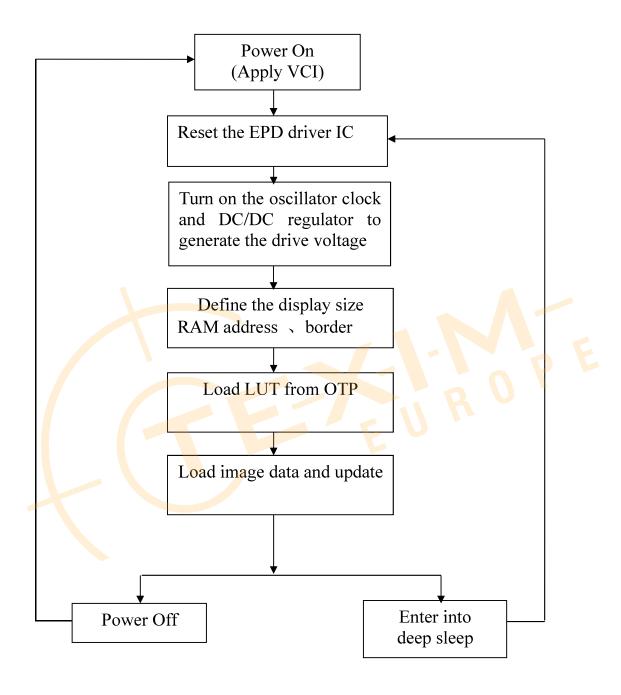


Part Name	Requirements for spare part
C1—C12	0603/0805; X5R/X7R;Voltage Rating:≥25V
R1、R2	0603/0805;1% variation,≥0.05W
D1—D3	MBR0530: 1)Reverse DC Voltage≥30V 2)Io≥500mA
D1—D3	3)Forward voltage ≤430mV
Q1	Si1308EDL:1)Drain-Source breakdown voltage≥30V
Qı	2)Vgs(th)≤1.5V 3)Rds(on)≤400mΩ
L1	refer to NR3015: Io=500mA(max)
P1	24pins,0.5mm pitch



10 Typical Operating Sequence

10.1 LUT from OTP Operation Flow





10.2 OTP Operation Reference Program Code

POWER ON 10ms	ACTION	VALUE/DATA	COMMENT		
PIN CONFIG		POWER ON			
RES#	delay				
Detail D					
RES# high 200us Wait for busy low Command 0x12 Software reset Wait for busy low Wait for busy low Wait for busy low Command 0x0C Data 0xAF 0xC7 0xC3 0xC0 0x80 Booster Soft-start Control Command 0x01 Data 0xA7 0x02 0x00 Set display size and driver output control Command 0x11 Data 0x01 Ram data entry mode Command 0x44 Data 0x00 0x00 0xBF 0x03 Set Ram X address Command 0x45 Data 0xA7 0x02 0x000x00 Set Bam Y address Command 0x45 Data 0xA7 0x02 0x000x00 Set border Command 0x10 Set border Command 0x10 Set border Command 0x20 Data 0x80 Set built-in temperature sensor Command 0x20 Command 0x20 Wait for busy low Command 0x4E Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x20 Read busy pin Wait for busy low Command 0x10 Data 0x01 Enter deep sleep mode	RES#	low	Hardware reset		
Read busy pin	delay	200us			
Read busy pin Wait for busy low Command 0x12 Software reset Read busy pin Wait for busy low Command 0x0C Data 0xAE 0xC7 0xC3 0xC0 0x80 Booster Soft-start Control Command 0x01 Data 0xA7 0x02 0x00 Set display size and driver output control Command 0x11 Data 0x01 Ram data entry mode Command 0x44 Data 0x00 0x00 0x0F 0x03 Set Ram X address Command 0x45 Data 0xA7 0x02 0x000x00 Set Ram Y address Command 0x3C Data 0x01 Set border LOAD LUT Command 0x18 Data 0x80 Set built-in temperature sensor Command 0x22 Data 0xB1 Load LUT Command 0x20 Read busy pin Wait for busy low LOAD IMAGE AND UPDATE Command 0x4E Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02	RES#	high			
Software reset	delay	200us			
Read busy pin Command 0x0C Data 0xAE 0xC7 0xC3 0xC0 0x80 Booster Soft-start Control Command 0x01 Data 0xA7 0x02 0x00 Set display size and driver output control Ram data entry mode Command 0x44 Data 0x00 0x00 0xBF 0x03 Set Ram X address Command 0x45 Data 0xA7 0x02 0x000x00 Set Ram Y address Command 0x3C Data 0xA7 0x02 0x000x00 Set Ram Y address Command 0x18 Data 0x80 Set built-in temperature sensor LOAD LUT Command 0x22 Data 0xB1 LOAD IMAGE AND UPDATE Command 0x4E Data 0x00 0x00 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4E Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4E Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram X address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram X address counter Load BW image (960/8*680) Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4F Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x4E Data 0xA7 0x02 Set Ram Y address counter Command 0x26 Set Ram Y address counter Wait for busy low Command 0x20 Read busy pin Wait for busy low Wait for busy low Command 0x10 Data 0X01 Enter deep sleep mode	Read busy pin		Wait for busy low		
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Command 0x4EData 0x00 0x00Set Ram X address counterCommand 0x4FData 0xA7 0x02Set Ram Y address counterCommand 0x2681600 bytesLoad RED image (960/8*680)Command 0x22Data 0xC7Image updateCommand 0x20Wait for busy lowCommand 0x10Data 0X01Enter deep sleep mode	Command 0x4F	Data 0xA7 0x02	Set Ram Y address counter		
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Command 0x26 81600 bytes Load RED image (960/8*680) Command 0x22 Data 0xC7 Image update Command 0x20 Read busy pin Wait for busy low Command 0x10 Data 0X01 Enter deep sleep mode	Command 0x4E	Data 0x00 0x00	Set Ram X address counter		
Command 0x22 Data 0xC7 Image update Command 0x20 Read busy pin Wait for busy low Command 0x10 Data 0X01 Enter deep sleep mode	Command 0x4F	Data 0xA7 0x02	Set Ram Y address counter		
Command 0x20 Read busy pin Command 0x10 Data 0X01 Enter deep sleep mode	Command 0x26	81600 bytes	Load RED image (960/8*680)		
	Command 0x22				
Command 0x10 Data 0X01 Enter deep sleep mode	Command 0x20		1		
Command 0x10 Data 0X01 Enter deep sleep mode	Read busy pin		Wait for busy low		
		Data 0X01	Enter deep sleep mode		
		POWER OFF			



11. Reliability Test

NO	Test items	Test condition
1	Low-Temperature Storage	T = -25°C, 240 h Test in white pattern
2	High-Temperature Storage	T=60°C, RH=35%, 240h Test in white pattern
3	High-Temperature Operation	T=40°C, RH=35%, 240h
4	Low-Temperature Operation	0°C, 240h
5	High-Temperature, High-Humidity Operation	T=40°C, RH=80%, 240h
6	High Temperature, High Humidity Storage	T=50°C, RH=80%, 240h Test in white pattern
7	Temperature Cycle	1 cycle:[-25°C 30min]→[+60 °C 30 min] : 50 cycles Test in white pattern
8	ESD Gun	Air+/-4KV;Contact+/-2KV (Naked EPD display,including IC and FPC area)

Note1: Stay white pattern for storage and non-operation test.

Note2: Operation is black→white→red pattern, the interval is 150s.

Note3: Put in 20℃--25℃ for 1hour after test finished, The function ,appearance and

display performance is ok.



12. Quality Assurance

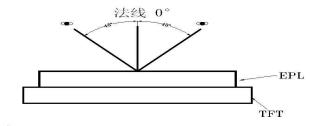
12.1 Environment

Temperature: 23±3°C, Humidity: 55±10%RH

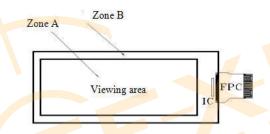
12.2 Illuminance

Brightness: $1200 \sim 1500 LUX$; distance: 20-30 CM; Angle: Relate 45° surround.

12.3 Inspect method

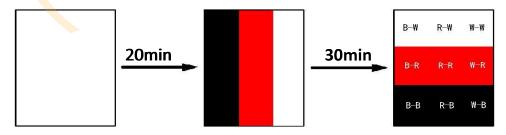


12.4 Display area



12.5 Ghosting test method

Three-color ghosting is measured with following transition from horizontal 3 scale pattern to vertical 3 scale pattern. The listed optical characteristics are only guaranteed under the controller & waveform provided by WINSTAR Display.



1)Measurement Instruments: X-rite i1Pro

2)Ghosting formula:

W ghosting: $\triangle E= Max (\Delta Eab(W-W, R-W), \Delta Eab(W-W, B-W), \Delta Eab(B-W, R-W))$ K ghosting: $\triangle E= Max (\Delta Eab(B-B, W-B), \Delta Eab(B-B, R-B), \Delta Eab(R-B, W-B))$ R ghosting: $\triangle E= Max (\Delta Eab(R-R, W-R), \Delta Eab(R-R, B-R), \Delta Eab(B-R, W-R))$



12.6 Inspection standard

12.6.1 Electric inspection standard

NO.	Item	Standard	Defect level	Method	Scope
1	Display	Clear display Display complete Display uniform	MA		
2	Black/White spots	D≤0.4mm, Allowed 0.4mm <d≤0.7mm。n≤6, 0.7mm<d allow<="" not="" td=""><td>MI</td><td>Visual inspection</td><td></td></d></d≤0.7mm。n≤6, 	MI	Visual inspection	
3	Black/White line (No switch)	L \leq 2.0mm, W \leq 0.2mm negligible 2.0mm $<$ L \leq 8.0mm 0.2mm $<$ W \leq 0.5mm N \leq 5 allowable L $>$ 8.0mm ,W $>$ 0.5mm is not allowed	, wi	Visual/ Inspection card	Zone A
4	Ghost image	Allowed in switching process	MI	Visual inspection	
5	Flash dot / Multilateral	Flash points are allowed when switching screens Multilateral colors outside the frame are allowed for fixed screen time	MI	Visual/Inspection card	Zone A Zone B
6	Segmented display	Selection segments are all displayed, and other segments are not displayed after the selection segment.	MA	Visual inspection	Zone A
7	Short circuit/ Circuit break/ Abnormal Display	Not Allow			



12.6.2 Appearance inspection standard

NO.	Item	Standard	Defect level	Method	Scope
1	B/W spots /Bubble/ Foreign bodies/ Dents	D= $(L+W)/2$ D ≤ 0.25 mm negligible 0.25mm $\leq D \leq 0.4$ mm N ≤ 4 allowable D ≥ 0.4 mm is not allowed	MI	Visual inspection	Zone A
2	Glass crack	Not Allow	MA	Visual	Zone A Zone B
3	Dirty	Allowed if can be removed	MI	/ Microscope	Zone A Zone B
4	Chips/Scratch/ Edge crown	$X \le 3$ mm, $Y \le 0.5$ mm And without affecting the electrode is permissible 2 mm $\le X$ or 2 mm $\le Y$ Not Allow $W \le 0.1$ mm, $L \le 5$ mm, No harm to the electrodes and $N \le 2$ allow	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A Zone B
5	TFT Cracks	Not Allow	MA	Visual / Microscope	Zone A Zone B
6	Dirty/ foreign body	Allowed if can be removed/ allow	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A / Zone B
7	FPC broken/ Goldfingers exidation/ scratch	Not Allow	MA	Visual / Microscope	Zone B



8	B/W Line	L \leq 1.0mm,W \leq 0.15mm negligible 1.0mm $<$ L \leq 4.0mm 0.15mm $<$ W \leq 0.5mm N \leq 4 allowable L $>$ 4.0mm ,W $>$ 0.5mm is not allowed	MI	Visual / Ruler	Zone B
9	TFT edge bulge /TFT chromatic aberration	TFT edge bulge: $X \le 3$ mm, $Y \le 0.3$ mm Allowed TFT chromatic aberration :Allowed	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A Zone B
10	Electrostatic point	D \leq 0.25mm, allow 0.25mm \leq D \leq 0.4mm, n \leq 4 allow D \geq 0.4mm is not allowed (n \leq 8 items are allowed within 5 mm in diameter)	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A
11	PCB damaged/ Poor welding/ Curl	PCB (Circuit area) damaged Not Allow PCB Poor welding Not Allow PCB Curl≤1%			
12	Edge glue height/ Edge glue bubble	Edge Adhesives H≤PS surface (Including protect film) Edge adhesives seep in≤1/2 Margin width Length excluding Edge adhesives bubble: bubble Width ≤1/2 Margin width; Length ≤0.5mm₀ n≤5	MI	Visual / Ruler	Zone B
13	Protect film	Surface scratch but not effect protect function, Allowed		Visual Inspection	
14	Silicon glue	Thickness ≤ PS surface(With protect film): Full cover the IC; Shape: The width on the FPC ≤ 0.5mm (Front) The width on the FPC ≤ 1.0mm (Back) smooth surface, No obvious raised.	MI	Visual Inspection	
15	Warp degree (TFT substrate)	t≤1.0mm	MI	Ruler	
16	Color difference in COM area (Silver point area)	Allowed		Visual Inspection	



13.Packaging

TBD





14. Matched Development Kit

Our Development Kit designed for SPI E-paper Display aims to help users to learn how to use E-paper Display more easily. It can refresh black-white E-paper Display, three-color (black, white and red/Yellow) E-paper Display and four-color(black, white, red and yellow) WINSTAR Display 's E-paper Display. And it is also added the functions of USB serial port, FLASH c hip, font chip, current detection ect.

Development Kit consists of the development board and the pinboard.

Supported development platforms include STM32, ESP32, ESP8266, Arduino UNO, etc.





15. Handling, Safety and Environmental Requirements

WARNING

The display glass may break when it is dropped or bumped on a hard surface. Handle with care.

Should the display break, do not touch the electrophoretic material. In case of contact with electrophoretic material, wash with water and soap.

CAUTION

The display module should not be exposed to harmful gases, such as acid and alkali gases, which corrode electronic components.

Disassembling the display module can cause permanent damage and invalidate the warranty agreements.

Observe general precautions that are common to handling delicate electronic components. The glass can break and front surfaces can easily be damaged. Moreover the display is sensitive to static electricity and other rough environmental conditions.

Data sheet status

Product specification | The data sheet contains final product specifications.

Limiting values

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device.

These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and dose not form part of the specification.

	Product Environmental certification	
RoHS		



16. Precautions

- (1) Do not apply pressure to the EPD panel in order to prevent damaging it.
- (2) Do not connect or disconnect the interface connector while the EPD panel is in operation.
- (3) Do not touch IC bonding area. It may scratch TFT lead or damage IC function.
- (4) Please be mindful of moisture to avoid its penetration into the EPD panel, which may cause damage during operation.
- (5) If the EPD Panel / Module is not refreshed every 24 hours, a phenomena known as "Ghosting" or "Image Sticking" may occur. It is recommended to refreshed the ESL / EPD Tag every 24 hours in use case. It is recommended that customer ships or stores the ESL / EPD Tag with a completely white image to avoid this issue
- (6) High temperature, high humidity, sunlight or fluorescent light may degrade the EPD panel's performance. Please do not expose the unprotected EPD panel to high temperature, high humidity, sunlight, or fluorescent for long periods of time.

Disclaimer

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It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application.

Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time.

All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts.

Please contact us if you have any questions about the contents of the datasheet.

This may not be the latest version of the datasheet. Please check with us if a later version is available.



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