#### Introduction:

Matrix 522 is an ARM9-based Linux ready industrial computer. The key features are as follow:

- 1. ARM926EJ-S ARM Thumb Processor 400MHz w/MMU
- 2. 32-KByte Data Cache and 32-KByte Instruction Cache
- 3. 64MB SDRAM, 128MB NAND Flash on board
- 4. Two 10/100 Mbps Ethernet
- 5. Two USB 2.0 full speed (12 Mbps) Host Ports, one USB device port
- 6. Multimedia Card Interface for Micro SD memory card
- 7. Two 3-in-1 RS-232/422/485 ports
- 8. Two 2500 Vrms fully isolated CAN 2.0A/2.0B ports
- 9. 21 programmable Digital I/O port
- 10. 9 to 40VDC power input
- 11. Pre-installed Standard Linux 2.6.29 OS
- 12. GNU tool chain available in Artila CD
- 13. Support SocketCAN and CANopen Library
- 14. Optional DIN RAIL mounting adaptor

# **Packing List**

- 1. Matrix 522 Box Computer
- 2. Wall mount bracket
- 3. Artila CD

# **Optional Accessory:**

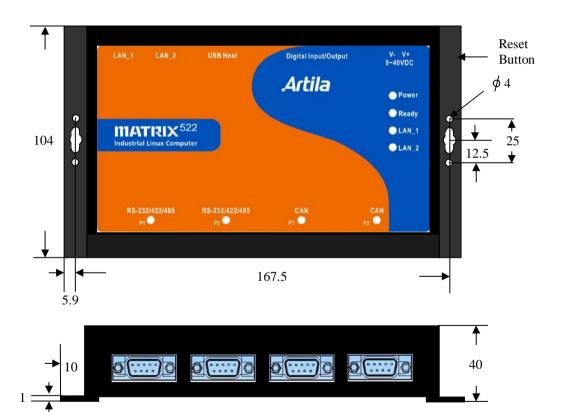
- 1. Console cable: CB-DB2CON-100
- 2. Serial cable: CB-DB9FDB9M-100
- 3. DK-35A: DIN RAIL Mounting Kit



Matrix 522 User Guide Version 1.1

### Matrix 522 Layout





#### **Pin Assignment and Definition**

# Reset Button

Press the "Reset" button to activate the hardware reset. You should only use this function if the software does not function properly.

## Power LED

The Power LED will show solid green if power is properly applied

#### Ready LED

The Ready LED will show solid green if Matrix 522 complete system boot up. If Ready LED is off during system boot up, please check if power input is correct. Turn off the power and restart Matrix 522 again. If Ready LED is still off, please contact the manufacture for technical support.

#### Link/Act LED

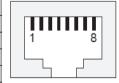
When Ethernet port are connected to the network, Link/Act will show solid green and if there is traffic in the Ethernet, this LED will flash.

## Serial/CAN Port LED

The dual color LEDs indicate the data traffic at the serial bus and CAN bus. When RXD line is high then Green light is ON and when TXD line is high, Yellow light is ON.

# **Ethernet Port**

Pin	Signal
1	ETx+
2	ETx-
3	ERx+
6	ERx-



#### Serial Ports:

Port 1~2: 3-in-1 Software Configurable RS-232/422/485

NOTE: Only Port 2 has full modem signals DSR,DTR, DCD

## Serial Port (DB9 Male)

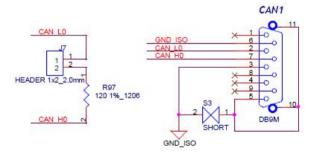
Pin No.	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	DCD*	TXD-	_
2	RXD	TXD+	_
3	TXD	RXD+	DATA+
4	DTR*	RXD-	DATA-
5	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR*	_	_
7	RTS	_	_
8	CTS	_	_
9		_	_

5

**Port 1~2** 

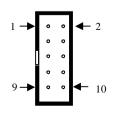
## CAN Port (DB9 Male)

Matrix-522 features two 2500 Vrms fully isolated CAN ports. A 120 Ohm terminator is applied between CAN\_H and CAN\_L that can be disabled by removing jumper J7 and J8. A shielding ground is available at Pin 3 of the DB9 connector.



# Serial Console Port:

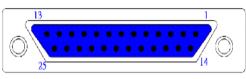
Serial console port is located inside the box at CON1. You need to use console cable (CBL-F10M9-20) to access it



Serial Console RS-232				
1	N/C	2	N/C	
3	RXD	4	N/C	
5	TXD	6	N/C	
7	N/C	8	N/C	
9	GND	10	N/C	

To use the serial console port, you need to open the metal case of Matrix-522 and the CON1 connector is near the reset button and LEDs. User can also redirect the serial console port to any one of the serial port by command / setconsole. Please use setconsole —help for the usage.

# Digital I/O Port (DB25 Female)



Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	DIO0	14	DIO13
2	DIO1	15	DIO14
3	DIO2	16	DIO15
4	DIO3	17	DIO16
5	DIO4	18	DIO17
6	DIO5	19	DIO18
7	DIO6	20	DIO19
8	DIO7	21	DIO20
9	DIO8	22	GND
10	DIO9	23	GND
11	DIO10	24	VCC3
12	DIO11	25	VCC5
13	DIO12		

#### Note:

VCC3: 3.3 VDC output
 VCC5: 5 VDC output
 GND: Digital Ground

Factory Default Settings

LAN 1 IP Address: 192.168.2.127 LAN 2 IP Address: 192.168.3.127 Login: root or guest (telnet guest only) Password: root or guest (telnet guest only)

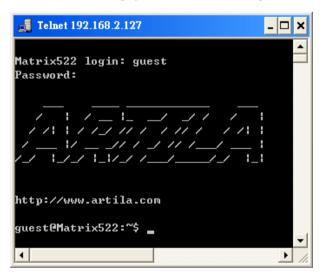
Serial Console Port: Baud rate: 115200

Data format: 8 Bits, No Parity, 1 Stop bit (N,8,1)

Flow Control: None Terminal type: VT100

## Power on and System boot up

Once Matrix-522 is correctly power on, it will start boot Linux kernel and mount file system. You can use Ethernet and telnet and login Matrix-522. Once kernel loaded, it will find /sbin/init and execute it. The initialization configuration is at /etc/inittab. Once boot up, you can use telnet to login Matrix-522.



# Inittab and Run levels:

Inittab contains information of system initialization. The system initialization script /etc/rcS.d runs first then the run level 5 /etc/rc5.d Matrix-522 uses run level for system setup and the default run level is number 5. Please refer to introduction to linux (http://tille.garrels.be/training/tldp/) for information about run level. Following is the run levels setting:

Run level 0: halt

Run level 1 is single user ( login and service are disabled )  $\,$ 

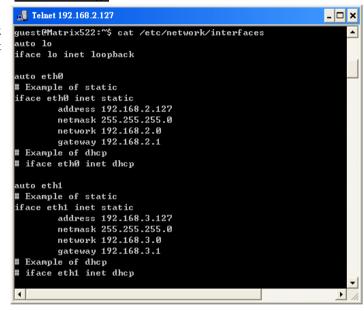
Run level 2~5 are multiple users Run level 6 is reboot.

Please refer to loader menu section for selection of run level

#### Default started service

- 1. amgrd (Artila broadcast search daemon)
- 2. ssh (secured shell) with sftp
- 3. syslog/klogd (system and kernel log)
- 4. telnet server (disable root with /etc/securetty)
- 5. ftp server (vsftp)
- 6. web server (lighttpd)
- 7. Ready LED (debug LED for internal use)

#### **Network Settings**

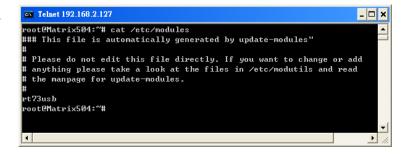


# Insert kernel module

To insert kernel module while system boot up, please use *vi* to edit /*etc/modules* to add module to load e.g.

#### rt73usb

To load the USB WLAN adaptor.



Use *vi* editing tool to edit the /*etc/network/interfaces* for network setting. The default setting is static IP 192.168.2.127. Matrix-522 also supports Wireless LAN. Use

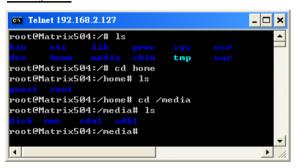
wireless\_essid XXX

wireless\_key YYY

To add SSID and WEP key if necessary. XXX is SSID and YYY is WEP Key

Matrix-522 supports popular USB WLAN adaptor. Please contact Artila for the most update driver support.

#### File System



The 128MB NAND Flash memory of Matrix-522 contains Boot loader (uBoot), Linux Kernel, Root File System and user disk (home). The file system and disk space are shown as follow

```
Telnet 192.168.2.127
                                                                   _ 🗆 ×
root@Matrix504:/media# mount
rootfs on / type rootfs (rw)
ubi0:rootfs on / type ubifs (rw)
proc on /proc type proc (rw)
ysfs on /sys type sysfs (rw)
amfs on /dev type ramfs (rw)
evpts on /dev/pts type devpts (rw,gid=5,mode=620)
usbfs on /proc/bus/usb type usbfs (rw)
mpfs on /var/volatile type tmpfs (rw,size=6144k)
oot@Matrix504:/media# df
ilesystem
                     1K-blocks
                                    Used Available Use% Mounted on
ubi0:rootfs
                        114716
                                    8256
                                            106460
                                                    7% /
                         6144
                                      56
                                              6088
                                                     1% /var/volatile
tmpfs
oot@Matrix504:/media# _
```

#### Devices list

The supported devices are shown at /dev directory. Following list are most popular ones:

- 1. ttyS0: serial console port
- 2. ttyS1 to ttyS2: serial port 1 to port 2
- 3. sda to sdb: USB flash disk
- 4. ttyUSB0 to ttyUSB1: USB RS-232 adaptor (fdti\_sio.ko)
- 5. rtc: Real Time Clock
- 6. gpio: General Purpose digital I/O
- 7. ttyACM0 and ttyACM1: USB Modem (CDC compliant)
- 8. mmc : SD driver

#### Note: can0 and can1 are network devices under SocketCAN

#### **Utility Software:**

Matrix 522 includes busybox utility collection and Artila utility software and there are placed at :

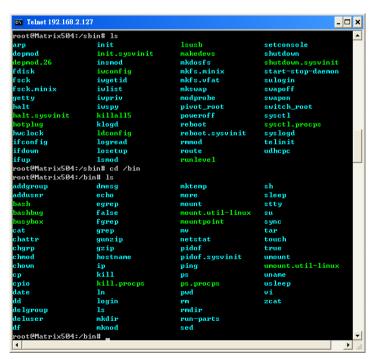
/sbin

/bin

/usr/bin

/use/sbin

Please refer to Appendix for the utility collection list



#### Mounting External Storage Memory

To find out the device name of the external memory device which plug into Matrix 522, you can use the command

dmesg | grep sd

# dmesg | grep mmc

To find out the device type (sda, sdb or mmc)

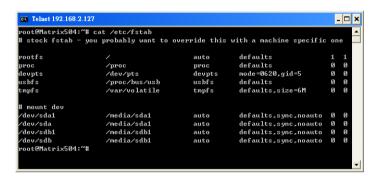
And use

mount /dev/sda1

mount/dev/mmc

to mount the USB disk or SD card and folder is local at

media/sda1 or /mnt/sda1



## Welcome Message

To modify the welcome message, user can use text edit to modify the /etc/motd.

# Web Page Directory

The web pages are placed at /usr/www and the /etc/lighttpd.conf contains the lighttpd web server settings. The home page name should be index.html

# Adjust the system time

To adjust the RTC time, you can follow the command

# date MMDDhhmmYYYYY

where

*MM*=*Month* (01~12)

*DD*=*Date* (01~31)

hh=Hour

mm=minutes

YYYY = Year

hwclock -w

To write the date information to RTC

User can also use NTP client utility in Artila CD to adjust the RTC time.

ntpclient [time server ip]

#### SSH Console

Matrix 522 supports SSH. If you use Linux computer, you can use SSH command to login Matrix 522. The configuration of SSH and key are located at

/etc/ssh

The key generation program is available at /usr/bin



#### Putty Console Software

For Windows user, you can download the putty software at <a href="http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/">http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/</a> download.html to use SSH to login Matrix-522

# ipkg package software management

ipkg is a light software package utility. It can be used to install, upgrade and remove the software package for Matrix-522. Currently user can use ipkg to install the software package from Artila FTP. You can find the configuration at *ipkg.conf* 

When Matrix-522 is connected to network and issue command *ipkg update* 

To update the package list and use

ipkg install

to install software package and

ipkg remove

to remove software

ipkg list

to list available software

ipkg list\_installed

to list software installed

Please refer to Appendix for more about ipkg

#### SocketCAN:

Matrix 522 supports SocketCAN which implements a standard network interface for CAN protocols for Linux. Unlike other CAN implementation for Linux based on character devices, SocketCAN uses Berkeley socket API, the Linux network stack and implements CAN device drivers as network interfaces.

The CAN socket API has been designed as similar as possible to the TCP/IP protocols to allow programmers, familiar with network programming, to easily learn how to use CAN sockets.

Please refer to the document:

\Example\CanBus\socketcan\socketCAN.txt in Artila CD for the SocketCAN API.

#### libsocketcan:

The libsocketcan library allows you to control some basic functions in socketcan from userspace. Please refer to: \Example\CanBus\libsocketcan

For the examples program for libsocketcan

#### Configure CAN:

To configure CAN device, you can use utility programs:

/canconfig

/candump

/canecho

/cansend

/cansegunce

User can also use *ip* command to configure CAN e.g.

/ip link set can0 down

/ip link set can0 type can bitrate 250000

/ip link set can0 up

/ip -details link show can0

The boot up CAN bit rate setting is at /etc/can config Format: [can port]: [bit rate]

0:250000 1:250000

Bit rate: 10K~ 1M

```
- Telnet 192.168<u>.2.127</u>
oot@Matrix522:~# ifconfig
        UP RUNNING NOARP MTU:16 Metric:1
         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
        TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
        collisions:0 txqueuelen:10
        RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
         Interrupt:30
        can1
-00
        UP RUNNING NOARP MTU:16 Metric:1
         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
        TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
        collisions:0 txqueuelen:10
        RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
eth0
        Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:48:00:00:78
         inet addr:192.168.2.127 Bcast:192.168.2.255 Mask:255.255.25.0
        UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:472 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
        TX packets:94 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
        collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
        RX bytes:43873 (42.8 KiB) TX bytes:7776 (7.5 KiB)
         Interrupt:21 Base address:0x4000
eth1
        Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:48:00:00:01
         inet addr:192.168.3.127 Bcast:192.168.3.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
        UP BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
        TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
        collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
        RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
         Interrupt:108 Base address:0xe000
        Link encap:Local Loopback
         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
        UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
        RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
```

#### Telnet 192.168.2.127 oot@Matrix522:~# ip -details link show can@ can0: <NOARP,UP,LOWER\_UP,ECHO> mtu 16 qdisc pfifo\_fast state UNKNOWN qlen 10 can state ERROR-ACTIVE (berr-counter tx 0 rx 0) restart-ms 0 bitrate 250000 sample-point 0.875 tq 250 prop-seg 6 phase-seg1 7 phase-seg2 2 sjw 1 sja1000: tseg1 1..16 tseg2 1..8 sjw 1..4 brp 1..64 brp-inc 1 clock 12000000 ot@Matrix522:~# \_

#### CANOpen:

The Artila CD also includes CanFestival 3 open source for CANOpen. Please refer to \example\CanBus\canfestival

and http://www.canfestival.org for Canfestival





#### Install GNU Tool Chain

Find a PC with Linux OS installed as followed:

Fedore 7, ubuntu 7.04, OpenSUSE 10.2, Mandriva 2008,

Debian 5.0, Centos (RedHat) 5 and above.

Login as a root user then copy the arm-linux-4.3.2.tar.gz to root directory of PC. Under root directory, type following command to install the Matrix 522 Tool Chain

#tar -xvfj arm-linux-4.3.3.tar.bz2

The tool chain file name are

arm-linux-gnueabi-gcc

arm-linux-gnueabi-g++

arm-linux-gnueabi-strip

Version: gcc 4.3.3, glibc 2.9, binutils 2.18

For Windows user, please download the toolchain from CodeSourcery at

http://www.codesourcery.com/sgpp/lite/arm/portal/package4547/public/arm-none-linux-gnueabi/arm-2009q1-203-arm-none-linux-gnueabi.exe

The tool chain file name are

arm-none-linux-gnueabi-gcc

arm-none-linux-gnueabi-g++

arm-none-linux-gnueabi-strip

Version: gcc 4.3.3, glibc 2.8, binutils 2.19

## Getting started with the Hello program

There are many example programs in Artila CD. To compile the sample you can use the Make file and type

#### make

To compile and link the library. Once done, use ftp command ftp 192.168.2.127

Then login with password. Use bin command to set transfer mode to binary

# ftp>bin

to transfer the execution file to Matrix 504 user disk (/home/guest) and use

chmod + x file.o

To change it to execution mode and

./file.o

to run the program

# Auto start program on boot:

To start a program on boot, you can use /etc/rc.local

For example to use *vi* to edit *rc.local* 

# hello &

#### exit 0

Hello will be executed after system boot up. *rc.local* has the similar function as /etc/rc in Matrix-522

#### Artila Utility Software:

The introduction of Artila utility software as follow:

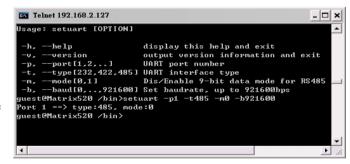
1. *update*: update loader, environment file and kernel image. Type *update—help* to find the command usage

```
root@Matrix504:~# update --help
Usage: update IOPTION1 Image
Writes image to MTD device.

-e. --env [filename] update environment file
--help Display this help and exit
--version Output version information and exit
update Uerison: 2.90
root@Matrix504:~#
```

Update can only operated under supervisor mode (password : root). Please use command *su* and login as root

2. *setuart*: configure serial port setting. An example show as followed to configure port 1 as RS-485 interface with baud rate 921600.



3. setconsole: Unlike Matrix-510 which shares the serial console port with the serial port 3, Matrix-522 uses dedicated pins for serial console (debug port). setconsole command allows user to redirect the serial console port to any one of the four serial port of Matrix-522. Therefore user can avoid opening the metal case to access the serial console.

```
root@M502:"# setconsole --help
Usage: setconsole [OPTION]
Switch console.

-0, --debug Set console to debug port
-1, --tty$1 Set console to tty$1 port
-2, --tty$2 Set console to tty$2 port
-3, --tty$3 Set console to tty$3 port
-4, --tty$4 Set console to tty$4 port
-c, --close Close console port
-h, --help Display this help and exit
setconsole Verison: 1.00
```

3. *version*: find out the version of OS.

4. *gpioctl*: The gpio can be configured by *gpioctl* and the usage is as shown followed.

```
CV Telnet 192.168.2.127
                                                            _ 🗆 ×
root@Matrix504:~# gpioctl --help
Usage: gpioctl [OPTION]
 -h, --help
                         display this help and exit
    --version
                         output version information and exit
 -i, --io[0,1,2,...]
                         GPIO number
                         GPIO state, 1:HIGH, 0:LOW
 -s, --state[0,1]
                         GPIO mode, 1:INPUT , 0:OUTPUT
 -m. --mode[0,1]
 -a, --all
                         Show all GPIO state and mode
oot@Matrix504:~# gpioct1 --all
GPIO count:5
DIP_SW count:0
GPIOO -> State:High, Mode:Input
GPI01 -> State:High, Mode:Input
GPIO2 -> State:High, Mode:Input
GPIO3 -> State:High, Mode:Input
GPI04 -> State:High, Mode:Input
root@Matrix504:~# _
```

#### Loader Menu

Loader menu helps user to select the run level of system boot up. User need to use serial console to enter loader menu. Please configure the serial port of terminal as follow:

Baud Rate: 115200

Data bits: 8 Parity: N Stop bit: 1

Flow Control: None Terminal type: VT100

Once power up M-518, please repeatedly keying "@" and you will see the loader menu appear as follow:

# Starting M502.....

C: Switch Console

R: Reset

If you miss the timing, please power on again the Matrix-522 and do it again. Select U will prompt the run level selection message. Run level 0 is halt, run level 1 is single user (disable login and service). Run level 2~5 are multiple users and run level 6 is reboot. To view the run level configuration, please check

/etc/inittab

#### Frequently Asked Question

## 1. Forgot password:

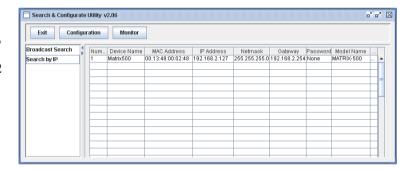
If you forgot the password for login, please use serial console and use run level 1 to boot system. Use passwd to change the password setting.



# 2. Forgot the IP address

If you forgot the Matrix-522 IP address, you can use the Java Manager available in Artila CD to search the IP address of Matrix-522

Or use serial console port to find out the IP address by #ifconfig

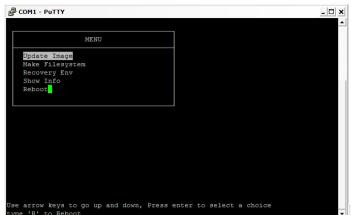


# 3. System fail to boot

If you mess up the root file system and make the system fail to boot, Matrix-522 will automatically switch to boot from Dataflash file system and a console menu will show up at console port to help user perform system recovery. *System Recovery Section* will tell you how to recover the system.

# System Recovery

If NAND Flash file system does fail, DataFlash file system will automatically boot up and a Console Menu at console port will appear as follow:



1. Update Image: this option can recover the loader, kernel and file system by using an USB disk. The USB disk contains the images files with the path as follow:

Loader: *m522/m522.alf* Kernel: *m522/m522K* File system: *m522/m522R* 

The files are available in Artila CD. Please prepare an USB disk and copy the image files to it before choosing this option.

- 2. Make Filesystem: this option is used to create customized file system. Before using this function, you need to copy the folder of *mkimage522* in the Artila CD to an USB disk. This function will create a new file system image for users and they can use it to duplicate the customized file system to other Matrix-522.
- 3. Recovery Env.: The option will recover the environment files as default setting. Use this function only when the NAND file system crash.
- 4. Show Info: Show the version information of Matix-522
- 5. Reboot: Reboot the NAND flash file system.



pdating Filesystem 128 Kibyte @ 7ce0000 -- 100% complete.

he update will be effective at next boot.

Type Enter to return.

**Update Image Starts** 

# Make Files System Starts



#### Note:

- 1. Use Arrow keys up and down to selection the functions
- 2. Use Arrow keys left and right to go to higher or lower levels of menu screen
- 3. To force system go into DataFlash booting, repeatedly keying "!" (Shift +1) right after Matrix-522 power on.

# **Appendix**

#### **Utility Collection**

- 1. busybox v1.14.2-tiny utility collection
- 2. sysvinit v2.86 -standard Linux initialization
- 3. util-linux-mount/umount v2.12r-support long file name
- 4. ssh v4.6p1– support sftp server
- 5. usbutils v0.7– USB id program
- 6. lighttpd v 1.7-web server
- 7. wget v1.9.1– used in ipkg software
- 8. iptables v1.3.8– IP routing
- 9. ipkg v.0.99.163– software package management
- 10. procps v3.2.7– support webmin process management
- 11. vsftpd v2.0.5– ftp server
- 12. bash v3.2-GNU shell
- 13. wireless\_tools v29- wireless LAN utility
- 14. ppp v2.4.3-ppp dial up utility
- 15. psmics v22.2– procps supplement
- 16. Canutils 4.0.6
- 17. artila utility v.1.1– handy utility added by Artila

You can find more utility at Artila Matrix-504 CD and use ipkg to install the utility.

#### ipkg software package management

Matrix-522 uses *ipkg* to manage the software installation, upgrade and removal. Artila will continuously add the kernel module and utility at our ftp server, user can install these software from Artila's ftp server. In addition user can also setup your ftp server to update the software you want. To install the utility from Artila ftp, please use *vi* to edit the */etc/ipkg.conf* 

src/gz arm ftp://ftp:ftp@ftp.artila.com/AT9G20/Artila-CD/Linux/Utility src/gz kernel ftp://ftp:ftp@ftp.artila.com/AT9G20/Artila-CD/Linux/modules

You can also copy the Utility and module folder from Artila CD to a USB disk, then use USB disk to install the software by changing the *ipkg.conf* 

src/gz usb\_arm ftp://root:root@127.0.0.1/media/sda1/Utility src/gz usb\_kernel ftp://root:root@127.0.0.1/media/sda1/modules

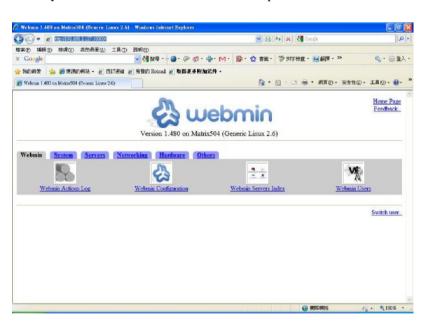
Make sure the USB disk is correctly mounted, now use command *ipkg update* 

to update the package list and use

#### ipkg install webmin

To install webmin. Webmin is a web-based interface to system administration. To start webmin, go to /etc/webmin and type start webmin

Then you can use browser to visit Matrix-522 port 10000



The webmin for Matrix-522 provides following modules:

- 1. Webmin: webmin configuration
- 2. System: system boot, process and log management
- 3. Server: Apache and SSH server configuration
- 4. Network: network configuration
- 5. Hardware: RTC setting
- 6. Others: File manager, upload and download

Remember to use command

## depmod -a /lib/modules/2.6.29.4/modules.dep

To update the dependency list if new kernel module were added.

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